

Case Study 6: Risk Communication in Long-term Waste Management

Jochen Ahlswede

Federal Office for the Safety of Nuclear Waste Management (Germany)

OECD-NEA Workshop on Stakeholder Involvement: Risk Communication Paris, September 24-26 2019

Background: Nuclear waste disposal in Germany



The decision for nuclear phase-out in 2011 was the condition for a new start regarding nuclear waste disposal in Germany after decades of confrontation and mistrust.



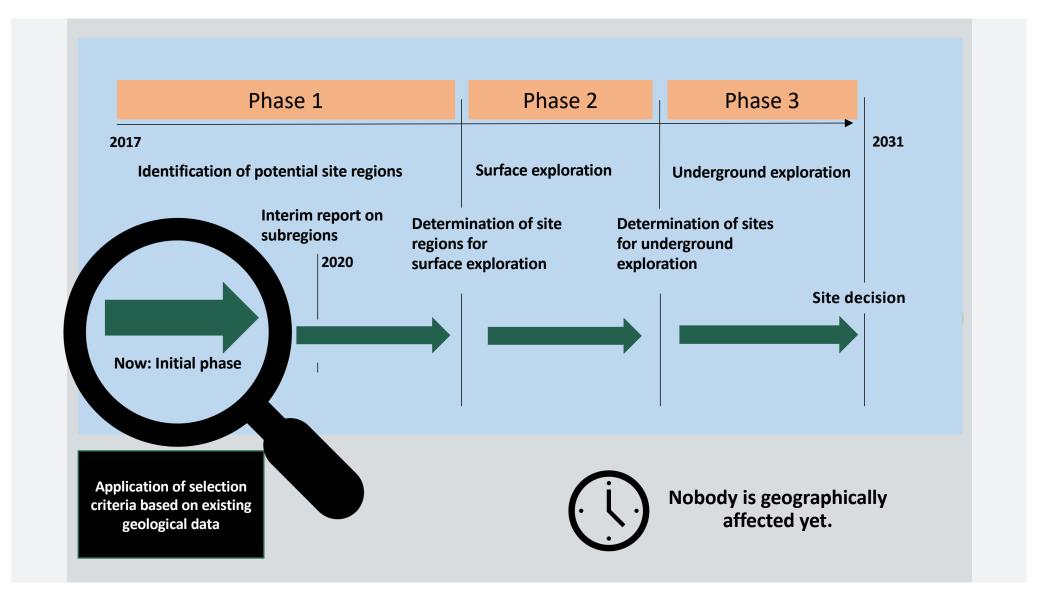
Background: The site selection procedure

- Start of new site selection procedure for a safe deep geological disposal of the high-level radioactive waste in 2017
- Main characteristics:
 - Starting from the "white map"
 - Stepwise process with decisions of parliament
 - Transparency
 - Public participation



 Aim: Decision for a site with the best possible safety in 2031

Background: The site selection procedure



Key actors







Federal Office for the Safety of Nuclear Waste Management (BfE)

- > Regulator
- > Responsible Body for public participation

Federal Company for Radioactive Waste Disposal (BGE)

> Implementer

National Advisory Body (NBG)

- ➤ Independent Advisor
- Mediator

Risk perception

Person

Values, knowledge, emotions, status, ...

Frame

Process, law, politics, information, ressources, ...

Source

Damage potential, probability, control mechanisms, ...

Marti, 2016



Methods of information, dialogue and consultation



Conferences with stakeholders

Public information and dialogue events throughout Germany

Consultation of the public



Dialogue with municipalities

Workshops with younger generation

Mobile nuclear waste management exposition

Information Material and animated videos





Web based information plattform

Online consultation

App



Photos: BfE



Dialogue with municipalities

- Municilalities are often the first "address" for citizens with questions or critique
- In January 2019, BfE carried out four regional workshops for the municipalities across Germany.
- Preparation in cooperation with the umbrella organizations for municipalities on national level
- The events were held together with the implementer and civil society board



Dialogue with municipalities: Tools

 Mix of information, discussion and participation in order to explain the procedure and collect input and needs from municipalities



 Presentations BfE, BGE and NBG: Explaining the different roles of the main actors



- World Café discussions
 - What are your expectations regarding information and participation in the site selection procedure?
- What do you think are the expectations of your citizens regarding information and participation?
- What do you see as your responsibility in the procedure?



Press briefings right before the workshops



Dialogue with municipalities: Key Messages

There are several opportunities for citizens, municipalities etc. to participate.

The site procedure is designed as a « learning system » : checks and balances, the possibility of re-examinations, and a recovery option for the waste for 500 years. Safety is the priority.

Interim storage facilities are no suitable options for a safe long-term storage of high-active waste.

Only if all stakeholders take responsibility, there is the possibility for success.

Export is not an option due to the national responsibility that arises with the use of nuclear power in the past.

No burden shifting to future generations: A site for deep geological disposal has to be found within a justifiable time scale.

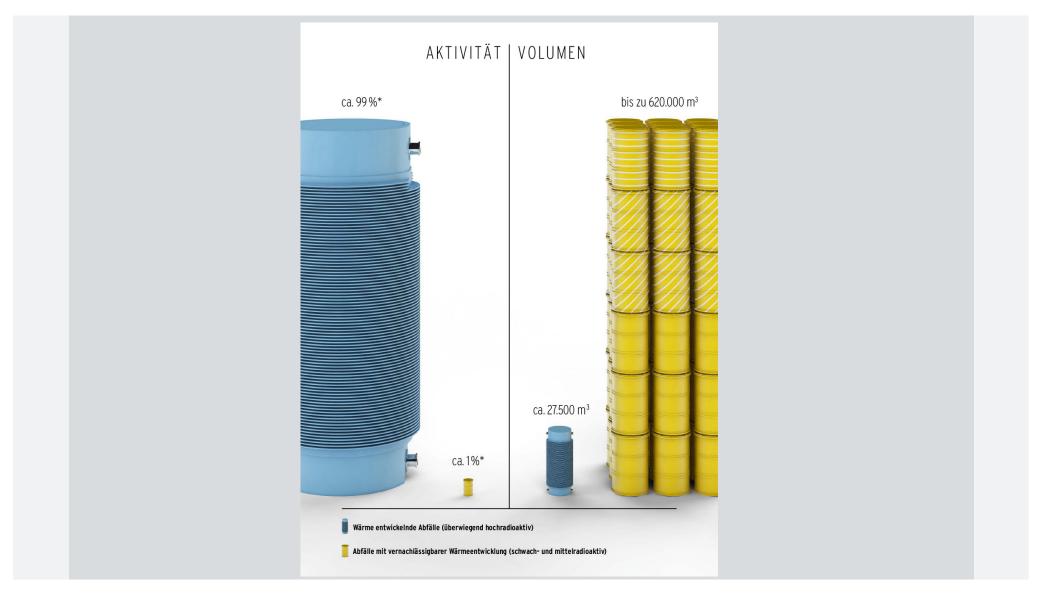


Example: Risk Awareness

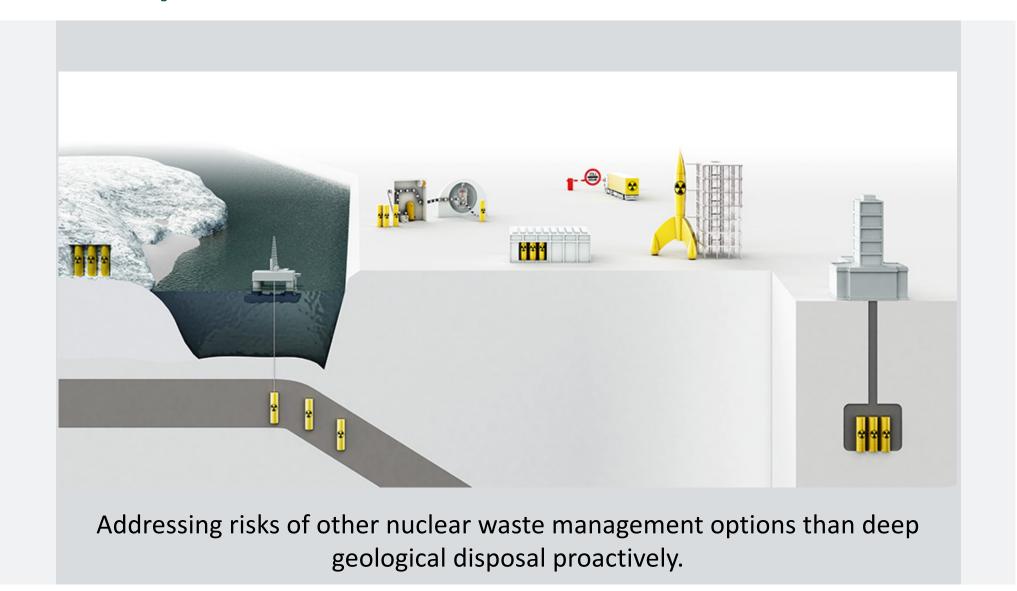


"No use in yelling."

Example: Graphical Comparisons



Example: Animations



Dialogue with municipalities: Implementation challenges

- At the moment, the awareness for the problem of nuclear waste disposal is generally low.
- It was a logistic challenge to properly reach and invite several thousand municipalities in Germany.
- Some representative assumed that the region where a workshop was carried out is already on the 'shortlist' of potential regions (subareas).
- There was a dispute if the workshops shall be public or not. BfE followed the wish of the municipalities to held it non-public, which caused questions and critique of NGOs



Dialogue with municipalities: Ressources

- BfE was on site with 5-10 people (president/vice-president, head of unit site selection procedure, press officer, participation team).
- A certain amount of work can be outsourced, but an intensive steering is needed.
- Skills and capabilities for (Risk-)Communication and public participation belong to the core of BfE's work and is considered as important as any other technical or scientific know-how.
- Professional moderation, transparent documentation (publicly available) and evaluation is necessary.
- New technology for participation (real time voting etc.) will be used in the future.



Dialogue with municipalities: Feedback and Outcome

- Overall positive feedback from municipalities
- Intense discussions about justice, responsibility as a society, risks for future generations and the opportunities and boundaries for public participation in a representative democracy
- Start of a two-way communication and mutual understanding with a crucial stakeholder group
- substantial agreement on leading values and a better understanding of the frame (site selection procedure, responsibilities, decision making)
- A **list of recommendations and wishes** was documented which influenced BfE's concept for information and participation



Dialogue with municipalities: Lessons learnt

- ✓ **Show a face as early as possible:** Institutions need a face for building trust in an abstract procedure
- ✓ Clear management of expectations: Talk about possibilities as well as boundaries of decision processes at the beginning, although it could trigger uncomfortable discussions
- ✓ Confidential spaces may be helpful: It was good to have a confidential atmosphere (and it was appreciated by most of the representatives)
- ✓ **Inform together:** It was helpful, that all key actors informed together about the procedure in order to clarify responsibilities
- ✓ Address regional compensation: Although it is a highly sensitive matter, concepts for regional compensation play a key role also in the early stage of the site selection procedure



Thank you for your attention.

Contact

Jochen Ahlswede

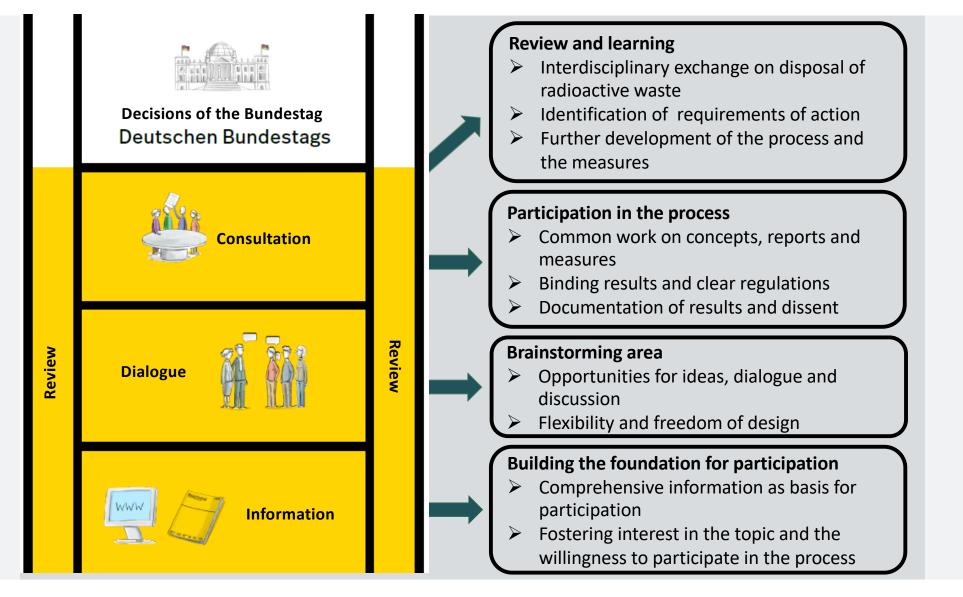
Federal Office for the Safety of Nuclear Waste Management

Phone: +49 30 18 767676-8005

E-Mail: jochen.ahlswede@bfe.bund.de

Web: www.bfe.bund.de

Levels of participation





Participation in the Site Selection Process

